Package: saeHB.ZIB (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Small Area Estimation using Hierarchical Bayesian under Zero Inflated Binomial Distribution

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Description Provides function for area level of small area estimation using hierarchical Bayesian (HB) method with Zero-Inflated Binomial distribution for variables of interest. Some dataset produced by a data generation are also provided. The 'rjags' package is employed to obtain parameter estimates. Model-based estimators involves the HB estimators which include the mean and the variation of mean.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

Imports stringr, coda, rjags, stats, grDevices, graphics

Suggests rmarkdown, knitr

VignetteBuilder knitr

Depends R (>= 2.10)

NeedsCompilation no

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Description

Dataset to simulate Small Area Estimation using Hierarchical Bayesian Method under Zero-Inflated Binomial distribution

This data is generated by these following steps:

- 1. Generate sampling random area effect u.Z and u.nZ with $(u.Z\ N(0,1))$ and $(u.nZ\ N(0,1))$. The auxiliary variabels are generated by Uniform distribution with $(x1\ U(0,1))$ and $(x2\ U(1,5))$. The coefficient parameters $\alpha 0, \alpha 1, \alpha 2, \beta 0, \beta 1, \beta 2$ are set as 0.
- 2. Calculate $logit(p) = \alpha 0 + \alpha 1 * x 1 + \alpha 2 * x 2 + u.Z$ and $logit(\pi) = \beta 0 + \beta 1 * x 1 + \beta 2 * x 2 + u.nZ$
- 3. Generate number of sample with $n.samp\ U(10,30)$
- 4. Generate delta bernoulli(p) and $y_star\ binomial(s, \pi)$
- 5. calculate $y = delta * y_s tar$
- 6. Calculate variance of direct estimates (vardir) with $var(y) = (1-p)*s*pi*(1-\pi*(1-p*s))$
- 7. Auxiliary variables x1, x2, direct estimation (y), vardir, and s are combined in a dataframe called dataZIB

Usage

```
data(dataZIB)
```

Format

A data frame with 64 observations on the following 4 variables:

- y Direct Estimation of y
- **X1** Auxiliary variable of x1
- **X2** Auxiliary variable of x2

vardir sampling variance of y

s number of sample

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dataZIBns	Sample Data for Small Area Estimation using Hierarchical Bayesian Method under Zero-Inflated Binomial Distribution

Description

Dataset to simulate Small Area Estimation using Hierarchical Bayesian Method under Zero-Inflated Binomial distribution with non-sampled areas

This data contains NA values that indicates no sampled at one or more small areas. It uses the dataZIB.ns with the direct estimates and the related variances in 3 small areas are missing.

Usage

```
data(dataZIBns)
```

Format

A data frame with 30 rows and 4 variables:

```
y Direct Estimation of y
```

X1 Auxiliary variable of x1

X2 Auxiliary variable of x2

vardir sampling variance of y

s number of sample

ziBinomial

Small Area Estimation using Hierarchical Bayesian under Zero Inflated Binomial Distribution

Description

This function is implemented to variable of interest (y) that assumed to be a Zero Inflated Binomial Distribution. The range of data is $(0 < y < \infty)$. This model can be used to handle overdispersion caused by excess zero in data.

Usage

```
ziBinomial(
  formula,
  n.samp,
  iter.update = 3,
  iter.mcmc = 10000,
  coef.nonzero,
  var.coef.nonzero,
```

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```
coef.zero,
var.coef.zero,
thin = 2,
burn.in = 2000,
tau.u.nZ = 1,
data
)
```

Arguments

formula Formula that describe the fitted model

n.samp Number of sample in each area iter.update Number of updates with default 3

iter.mcmc Number of total iterations per chain with default 2000

coef.nonzero Optional argument for mean on coefficient's prior distribution or β 's prior dis-

tribution which value is non-zero

var.coef.nonzero

Optional argument for the variances of the prior distribution of the model coef-

ficients (β)

coef.zero Optional argument for mean on coefficient's prior distribution or α 's prior dis-

tribution which value is non-zero

var.coef.zero Optional argument for the variances of the prior distribution of the model coef-

ficients (α)

thin Thinning rate, must be a positive integer with default 1

burn. in Number of iterations to discard at the beginning with default 1000

tau.u.nZ Variance of random effect area for non-zero of variable interest (y) with default

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data The data frame

Value

This function returns a list of the following objects:

Est A vector with the values of Small Area mean Estimates using Hierarchical

bayesian method

refVar Estimated random effect variances

coefficient A dataframe with the estimated model coefficient

plot_alpha Trace, Density, Autocorrelation Function Plot of MCMC samples

plot_beta Trace, Density, Autocorrelation Function Plot of MCMC samples

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Examples

```
#Compute Fitted Model
y \sim X1 + X2
# For data without any nonsampled area
# Load Dataset
 data(dataZIB)
 saeHB.ZIB <- ziBinomial(formula = y~X1+X2, "s", iter.update=3, iter.mcmc = 1000,</pre>
                burn.in = 200,data = dataZIB)
#the setting of iter.update, iter.mcmc, and burn.in in this example
#is considered to make the example execution time be faster.
#Result
saeHB.ZIB$Est
                                                 #Small Area mean Estimates
saeHB.ZIB$Est$SD
                                         #Standard deviation of Small Area Mean Estimates
saeHB.ZIB$refVar
                                                 #refVar
saeHB.ZIB$coefficient
                                                 #coefficient
#Load Library 'coda' to execute the plot
#autocorr.plot(saeHB.ZIB$plot_alpha[[3]]) is used to
                                                       #ACF Plot for alpha
#autocorr.plot(saeHB.ZIB$plot_beta[[3]]) is used to
                                                        #ACF Plot for beta
#plot(saeHB.ZIB$plot_alpha[[3]]) is used to
                                                       #Dencity and trace plot for alpha
#plot(saeHB.ZIB$plot_beta[[3]]) is used to
                                                        #Dencity and trace plot for beta
```

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